

Detaljni izvedbeni plan

Akademska godina: 2025/2026	Semestar: Zimski
Studiji: Povijest (R) (izborni) Komunikologija (R) (izborni) Psihologija (R) (izborni) Sestrinstvo (R) (izborni) Sociologija (R) (izborni) Sestrinstvo (I) (izborni)	Godina studija: 1

I. OSNOVNI PODACI O KOLEGIJU

Naziv kolegija: A History of Epidemics, Medicine and Society.

Kratica kolegija: IZBP-162

Status kolegija: Obvezni ECTS bodovi: 4 Šifra kolegija: 198067

Preduvjeti za upis kolegija: Nema

Ukupno opterećenje kolegija

Vrsta nastave	Ukupno sati
Predavanje	30
Seminar	15

Mjesto i vrijeme održavanja nastave: HKS - prema objavljenom rasporedu

II. NASTAVNO OSOBLJE

Nositelj kolegija

Ime i prezime: Puljizević Kristina

Akademski stupanj/naziv: Izbor: izvanredni profesor

Kontakt e-mail: kristina.puljizevic@unicath.hr

Telefon:

Konzultacije: Prema objavljenom rasporedu

Suradnici na kolegiju

III. DETALJNI PODACI O KOLEGIJU

Jezik na kojem se nastava održava: English

Način ispitivanja i ocjenjivanja Polaže se DA	Isključivo kontinuirano praćenje nastave NE	Ulazi u prosjek DA	
Način isnitivania i ocianiwania	Spanis, Laure. The Spanish Tru of 1910 and 1	Smilgen inc 1101m. Editadi. Village, 2011.	
	Grmek, Mirko Dražen. <i>History of AIDS: Emergence and</i> Press, 1990. Spinney, Laura. <i>Pale Rider. The Spanish Flu of 1918 and F</i>		
Dopunska	Grmek, Mirko Dražen. Diseases in the Ancient Greek Wor 1991.		
Obavezna	Dugac, Željko. Kako biti čist i zdrav. Zdravstveno pros Europa, 2010.	vjećivanje u međuratnoj Hrvatskoj. Zagreb: Srednja	
	Snowden Frank M., Epidemics and Society from the Black University Press, 2019. (selected chapters)	Death to the Present . New Haven and London: Yale	
	Rothenberg, Gunther E. The Austrian Sanitary Cordon Journal of the History of Medicine, 1973.	and the Control of the Bubonic Plague: 1710-1871.	
	Porter, Roy. The greatest benefit to mankind. A medica London: Fontana Press, 1997. (selected chapters)	l history of humanity from antiquity to the present.	
	Omran, Abdel R. The Epidemiologic Transition: A The Milbank Quarterly 83(4): 731-757.	neory of the Epidemiology of Population Change.	
	Harrison, Mark. <i>Disease and the Modern World</i> . 150 2004. (selected chapters)	00 to the present day. Cambridge: Polity press,	
	Blažina Tomić, Zlata. Blažina Vesna. <i>Expelling the F Quarantine in Dubrovnik</i> 1377-1533. Montreal&Kingsto Press, 2015. (selected chapters)		
Literatura			
	5. Critically analyze and interpret historical record		
razini kolegija	 according to historiographic approaches and research a 4. Recognize the hierarchy of historical factors and 		
Očekivani ishodi učenja na		al history of medicine and the history of epidemics operiods and the social history of medicine themes	
	Master basic concepts from history of medicine	Thistony of modition and district of the state of the sta	
	epidemics.		
Opis kolegija	changes in society's sensitivity toward persistently pres to sudden epidemics in the 19th century (such as choles increasing interest of state structures in preventing and centuries will also be highlighted. Finally, the course w AIDS, in a time when society had already come to term	ra). The growing role of medicine and the treating diseases during the 18th and 19th ill analyze the first postmodern infectious disease,	
	medicine, which formed the foundation of medical respectation. Attention will be given to the medieval phenomene impact of bubonic plague epidemics, starting with the course will investigate the dubious causes behind the dand plague); the conditions leading to the emergence of	conses to disease challenges up until the modern on of leprosy and the particularly devastating Black Death of 1348, and continuing thereafter. The isappearance of certain diseases (such as leprosy f new ones (such as syphilis in the 16th century);	
	This course, following the subject and methods of the social history of medicine, analyses the relationship between communities and diseases epidemics, as well as infectious diseases that, at various points in history, "paralyzed" the collectives, influencing economic trends, demographics, and mentalities. The course is structured both chronologically and thematically. Students will be introduced to the earliest recorded epidemics, emerging with the adoption of settled lifestyles. The course will then explore ancient		

Preduvjeti za dobivanje potpisa i polaganje završnog ispita

- 1. Regular attendance at classes attendance of at least 70 % of classes according to the study program.
- 2. **Fully completed seminar obligations** prepared and submitted assignments (critical analysis of selected historical records)
- 3. Obtaining a minimum success rate of 35~% during classes within the assigned teaching activities achieved cumulatively.

Grade Scale:

insufficient (1) – 0 to 49.9%

sufficient (2) - 50-64.9%

good (3) - 65-79.9%

very good (4) - 80-89.9%

Način polaganja ispita

excellent (5) - 90% and above.

a) Teaching activities:

- a. Seminar obligations 20 % of the grade
- b. Midterm exam -50 % of the grade

b) Final exam:

a. Final exam - oral or written: 30 % of the grade (to pass, it is necessary to solve at least 50% of the exam)

Način ocjenjivanja

- 1. **Teaching activities** (continuous knowledge assessment, midterm exams, seminar).
- 2. Final exam (oral or written)

Detaljan prikaz ocjenjivanja unutar Europskoga sustava za prijenos bodova

ACTIVITY TYPE	ECTS Student Workload Coefficient	GRADE PERCENTAGE (%)
Class Attendance	1,2	0
Seminar Presentation	0,56	20
Midterm Exam	0,70	25
Midterm Exam	0,70	25
Total in Class	3,16	70

Final Exam	0,84	30
TOTAL ECTS (Classes + Final Exam)	4	100

Datumi kolokvija:

Datumi ispitnih rokova:

IV. TJEDNI PLAN NASTAVE

IV. IJEDINI I LAN NASIAVE			
Seminari	Seminari		
#	Tema		
1	Researching the epidemics in the past: historical records and methodology		
2	Thucydides' description of the "plague" of Athens		
3	Hippocratic oath, Hippocratic aphorisms		
4	Tristan and Iseult (the leprosy)		
5	Giovanni Boccaccio, The Decameron (The Black Death)		
6	Instructions on plague prevention (19th century)		
7	Amatus Lusitanus and Syphilis treatment in 16th century Dubrovnik		
8	James Gillray's cartoon on vaccination against smallpox		
9	Generale normativum in re sanitatis 1770.		
10	School of Public Health – publications on tuberculosis prevention		
11	Instructions for cholera control (1849)		
12	Causes of death in 19th century – parish records		
13	Article on the Spanish flu (1919)		
14	Article on the AIDS (1980s)		
15	Examples from art, propaganda, and everyday life		
Predavanja			
#	Tema		
1	Introductory lecture		
2	Diseases in prehistory, the first epidemics		
3	Epidemics in antique; Hippocrates and humoral medicine		
4	Leprosis; the disease and the social identity of the sick		
5	Black death: the bubonic plague of the 14th century		
6	Quarantines, lazarettos, sanitary cordons: anti-plague measures until the 19th century		
7	"The Columbian exchange": epidemics in the early modern world		
8	From variolation to vaccination: the prevention of the smallpox		

9	Public health development (18th and 19th century)
10	Tuberculosis and the efforts of the health enlightenment
11	Cholera, the "germ theory" and the bacteriology development
12	Epidemiological transition
13	Spanish influenza
14	AIDS - the first postmodern epidemic
15	Epidemics and society